BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY JOHN H. LYNDE. BANGOR, ME., SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 16, 1870. VOLUME XXXVII--NUMBER 166.

BANGOR

Daily Whig & Courier,

PUBLISHED MORNINGS,

At No. 1, East End Kenduskeag Bridge.

TERMS—$8.00 per Year;
4.00 for Six Months.
2.00 for Three Months.
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The Bangor Weekly Courier,

IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY

At the Office of the DAILY WHIG AND COURIER, at Two Dollars per Year, *invariably in advance.*

AGENCIES.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., 10 State St., Boston, and 37 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for this Paper.

S. N. NILES, Agent, Scollay's Building, Court Street, Boston.

Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance.

☞ Subscribers finding this notice marked, will understand that the time for which they paid has nearly expired.

Your Subscription expires

Jets. Jets.

Just from Europe.

A very fine assortment of Real and Imitation JETS.

NOW SELLING CHEAP, at

B. F. S. PATTEN'S,
28 Main Street. 28
july2

California Vinegar Bitters.

A large lot just received and for sale by

BLOOD & ROWE.

CURRANT WORMS.

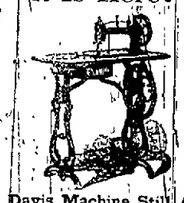
Can be destroyed by the use of WHITE HELLEBORE, for sale by

BLOOD & ROWE.

Look Out and See!

THE DAVIS IS COMING.

It Is Here!



The Davis Machine Still Ahead

Messrs. PATTEN & DINSMORE

Gents:—After trying your Davis Machine and the Wood Machine, for twelve days, we decide that the Davis was the best Family Machine, and we take pleasure in saying that words perfectly well suited with it. Wishing you well it for three months

ANNIP SECKINGER.
ADAM SELKENGER.

Bangor, May 6, 1870.

Republican Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Hon. Sidney Perham

OF PARIS.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES TO CONGRESS.

1st District—Hon. JOHN LYNCH, of Bath.
2d District—Hon. WILLIS PERHAM, of Lewiston.
3d District—Hon. J. G. BLAINE, of Augusta.
4th District—Hon. J. A. PETERS, of Bangor.

CONGRESS ADJOURNED.

The intelligence of the declaration of war by France, although partially anticipated, sent a thrill of excitement throughout the country in which gold and stocks danced about with an agility almost equal to the days of the Rebellion; and Congress, on re-assembling after an exhausting session extending nearly through the night, were met on the threshhold of adjournment by complications which compelled postponements from hour to hour beyond the allotted time, in the endeavor to so adjust the important measures pending as to avoid the calling of an extra session.

In the midst of confused reports of Conference Committees, and the, heated controversies as to the respective powers of the two houses, the message of the President requesting an extension of the session and recommending special legislation with reference to our commerce, in the event of a possible war in Europe, was quickly followed by the reading of a telegram at the Speakers desk announcing the actual proclamation of hostilities. Under these exciting circumstances members were in no mood for the hasty adoption of a measure so vital to our commerce as that recommended by the President, and it is noteworthy that even in this exceptionally confusing state of affairs, Congress was sufficiently cool to avoid an impulsive acquiescence in the Executive recommendations which would have reversed their previous deliberate action upon the question of opening our registry to foreign vessels.

The Ways and Means Committee, to whom the message was referred, declined to advocate the proposition, but the minority strenuously endeavored to insert the opening wedge by urging a conditional purchase of foreign vessels for a limited time. The measure was well characterized by our Representative as one which would "cut the jugular vein of all the shipbuilding interests of the country," and both Houses finally adjourned sine die without taking any final action upon it.

The developments in Europe are likely to bring about combinations which may involve our own relations with foreign powers in difficulty, as our attitude towards Spain and the position we have assumed with regard to Cuba, may at any moment become embarrassing, should France send a fleet to the Antilles; in which case legislative action might be imperatively required, so that the calling of an extra session would not seem at all improbable.

GENERAL HOWARD.

The majority report signed by eight of the Committee who have investigated the charges preferred by Fernando Wood against General Howard states, in conclusion, that the committee find, on the whole case, that the charges are utterly groundless and causeless; that the Commissioner has been a devoted, honest, and able public servant. The committee find that his great trust has been performed wisely, disinterestedly, economically, and most successfully. If there be anything in the conduct of affairs of the Bureau which could create a suspicion even in the breasts of partisan and personal hate, it is owing to the fact that General Howard, conscious of his own purity, intent on his great work, has never stopped to think of the appearances which men of less conscious integrity much more carefully regard. Who is the inventor or instigator of these charges it is not the purpose of the committee to inquire.

The Committee recommended the passage of the following resolution:—

Resolved, That the policy pursued by the United States toward four and a half millions of its people, suddenly enfranchised by the events of a great civil war, in seeking to provide them education to render them independent and self-supporting, and in extending to them civil and political equality, is a source of just national pride, and that the House hereby acquit Major-General Oliver O. Howard of the groundless and careless charges preferred against him, and does hereby declare and record its judgment that in successfully organizing and administering with fidelity, integrity and ability the Freedmen's Bureau, which has contributed so much to the accomplishment of the first two of these great ends, he is deserving of the gratitude of the American people.

The minority report, signed by two members, recommended that steps be taken by the Government to recover moneys disbursed by Gen. Howard in aid of churches, religious associations and educational institutions not in pursuance of law. Its signers are T. W. McNeely, of Ill., and A. C. Rogers, of Arkansas.

Senator Daniel S. Norton, who died at Washington Thursday, was one of the Republican Senators who followed the fortunes of President Johnson. He was born in Ohio, in 1829. He served a year in the Mexican war, and afterwards studied law at Mount Vernon, at which place he settled down in the practice of his profession. In 1865, he removed to Minnesota and entered political life. He served several terms in the State legislature, and in 1867 was elected to the United States Senate as a republican to succeed M. S. Wilkinson. He died of consumption, a disease from which he has long been a sufferer. His term of office would have expired next March.

THE COLORED CADET: Secretary Belknap has ordered a Court of Inquiry, consisting of Generals J. H. Wilson, H. L. Abbott and F. P. Rodon, to be held at West Point, July 18th, to investigate the charges of ill-treatment of the colored cadet, Smith. An investigation was ordered by Gen. Pitcher, Superintendent of West Point, soon after the letter of Smith to Mr. Clarke at Hartford, was published, which Smith says is a garbled copy of the original. The cadet drillmaster denies having used the language charged to him and six of the cadets in the squad not only deny having heard it, but their evidence shows that the drillmaster was not as sharp towards Smith as towards them in the mess-hall. There was some feeling exhibited by those with whom Smith was seated, but this was promptly checked by the authorities. The allegations of the letter though not without foundation, are said to have been greatly exaggerated.

In the Executive session Thursday afternoon, when the nomination of Mr. Frelinghuysen for Minister to England was laid before the Senate, Mr. Cameron moved its reference to the Committee on Foreign Relations, and the motion was agreed to. A single objection is sufficient to prevent a confirmation of a nomination the day it is received or reported, but it has been customary to confirm any nomination of an ex-Senator without a reference. There was no debate.

Supt. Jourdan, of the New York Police, resigned the office on Thursday, to take effect August 1st. The reason is not assigned, but is supposed to be the displeasure of the police commissioners concerning Tuesday's riot.

PRUSSIA STUBBORN AND DEFIANT!

Immense Military Preparations.

A Great Conflict Imminent!

The following dispatches from various points were received yesterday. King William was reported as having left Ems for Berlin Friday morning, Count Benedetti, the French Ambassador, having left Thursday afternoon. Reports of a rupture were current. General Moltke had been summoned in haste to Berlin, and great excitement prevailed, the Prussian people being enthusiastic in support of the King.

London, July 15. It is reported that the European Powers will unite in a protest against the implacability of Prussia. The Prussian government has demanded that Count Benedetti be recalled by the French. Austria continues to profess neutrality in the quarrel between Prussia and France, but will abandon it if a third party should interfere.

Washington, July 15. The Prussian Minister received a dispatch last night that a French fleet had started to blockade Prussian ports.

St. Petersburg, July 14. There is strong feeling on the part of the Russian government against France. The Czar's government believes Napoleon bent on making aggressive war in Europe to gain an over-mastering position and favor the restoration of the Bourbons to Spain.

Brussels, July 16. The intervention of the Great Powers for peace has been ineffectual. Napoleon will announce to-day the rupture of the relations between France and Prussia and the declaration of war.

Paris, July 15. An extra edition of the *Constitutionel*, just issued this afternoon, announces that in consequence of the insult offered to Benedetti, France accepts the war which Prussia offers.

Berlin, July 15. Count Benedetti accosted the King of Prussia while the was walking and peremptorily demanded his intentions on the pending question and the King immediately dismissed him.

Paris, July 15. A DECLARATION OF WAR MAY BE ANNOUNCED IN THE CORPS LEGISLATIF.

An angry interview occurred yesterday between the Emperor and M. Ollivier, growing out of the latter's well known disposition for peace. The Emperor violently denounced M. Ollivier's efforts in that direction.

The movement of troops toward the Rhine frontier is incessant and eastern France is alive with soldiers. The troops which have been in garrison in Paris have gone and the mad recruits are slowly replacing them. Ambulances and caissons throng the streets of the city.

Fourteen frigates and iron clads are ready to steam from Brest and Cherbourg.

Paris, July 15—noon. Bourse fluctuations—96c.

There is great agitation here. Many demonstrations in favor of war were made by the people during the night. Crowds of students and others paraded the boulevards, shouting "Vive la Guerre," "A Bas la Prusse." The police did not interfere and the crowds stopped at the Prussian embassy and shouted for the King.

The Prussian ambassador leaves Paris today. Austria professes neutrality unless a third party interferes.

Berlin, July 14. The King returns here today. There is great excitement.

Paris, July 15—3 p.m. The Corps Legislatif declared war against Prussia at 10 minutes before 2 o'clock p.m. England will remain neutral in the struggle. The belligerents have engaged to respect the neutrality of Belgium, yet troops are rapidly concentrating at Antwerp and other strategetic points. The specie and bullion in the National Bank at Antwerp has been removed to the citadel. This issue of paper money is announced.

New York, July 16. Private dispatches from Washington state that the French and Prussian Ministers were both notified by their respective governments this morning of the declaration of war.

Wall Street has also received a dispatch, that Secretary Fish has requested the President to issue a proclamation at once convening both Houses in an extra session.

On this news gold jumped from 111 to 115½, then quickly advanced to 116½. Large sales were made and there was great excitement, almost equal to our own war times. As gold went up, governments tumbled one half per cent and stock fell rapidly. J. F. Fairchild, a heavy dealer in stocks, failed. The excitement in the gold room is unabated.

The Evening Post urges President Grant to make haste and notify Napoleon that the United States cannot allow him to attack Cuba. We have kept our own hands off Cuba and shall not allow any one else to lay their hands on it.

Washington, July 16. Minister Washburne telegraphs to Secretary Fish that war has begun and that he keeps up the service to Havre hourly, and that the Prussian vessels will be blockaded by the French fleet.

BELFAST AND MOOSEHEAD LAKE R.R.

The Belfast Journal publishes the report of L. L. Buckland, Esq., the Engineer of the Railroad Co., in which he gives in approximate estimate of the cost of completing the road from July 1st to completion, including sub-grade, grading, road bed, bridging, unpaid for, track laid and ballasted, spikes, &c., land damages and right of way, sleepers or ties, cross sills and fences, gates, guards, engineering and contingencies, as follows:

83 miles at $25,000	$2,075,000
Bridges at Burnham, not included in above,	15,000
	$2,090,000
Contract price of 83 miles at $25,000 per mile,	$2,075,000
Bridges at Burnham, not included in above,	15,000
	$2,090,000
Amount paid to date,	$210,000
Required to complete the Road,	220,075
	$430,075

Tracklaying is now going forward from both ends of the road. Mr. Crayford, the President, is pending his whole energies to the work, and pledges his word that the road shall be seasonably finished. Two trains are now at work, and a third will be added early next week.

The Belfast Journal states that the friends of General Chas. Deane of Castine have issued a circular, urging his nomination for Congress by the Convention in the Fifth District. It is not probable, however, that any serious opposition will be offered to Mr. Hale's return.

Houses of Congress yesterday:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

Your attention is respectfully called to the necessity of passing an Indian appropriation bill before the Members of Congress separate. Without such an appropriation, Indian hostilities are sure to ensue, and with them suffering, loss of life and expenditures, vast, as compared with the amount asked for. The latest intelligence from Europe indicates the imminence of war between France and North Germany. In view of this, a sound policy indicates the importance of some legislation tending to enlarge the commercial facilities of this country, which at the present time is insufficient to meet the increase it seemed which the existence of war in Europe will impose upon the commerce of the United States, and I submit to the consideration of Congress that the interests of the country will be advanced by the opportunity offered to our citizens to purchase vessels built for construction for the foreign trade of the country. An act to this effect may be limited in its duration to meet the immediate exigency. The foreign mail service of the United States is in a large degree dependent upon the Bremen and Hamburg line of steamers. The Postoffice Department has entered into contracts in writing with the two lines named and with the Cunard and Collon line respectively, for a regular and continuous service to, two ports. The only arrangement that could be made with the German and Cunard lines is temporary and may be broken off at any time. The North German lines are first class in point of speed and equipments, their steamers usually making the trip across the Atlantic from 21 to 40 hours in advance of the Williams and Guion line. Should the North German steamers be blockaded, or impeded by France, our postal intercourse with foreign ports will be greatly embarrassed, unless Congress shall interfere for its relief. I suggest to Congress the propriety of further postponing the time for adjournment, with a view of enabling the questions herein communicated to be considered.

(Signed) U. S. GRANT.

Mexico. Advices from Mexico to July 7th, state that there is much confusion in the press concerning the destruction of the steamer Forward by the U. S. S. Shenandoah. The Government organs suppose the act while the Imperialist journal calls it a violation of Mexican Territory. There are rumors of the invasion of the Rio Grande States by Americans. A confidential report circulated that a secret treaty exists between Juarez and President Grant, the latter guaranteeing the President of Juarez in consideration of the cession of Mexican Territory. The engineers and surveyors of the Tehuantepec Railroad, have resigned and reported everything favorable for the work.

The directors of the Industrial convention to be held in New York in September have determined to issue a call inviting manufacturers and mechanics of the United States to convene on the 20th of September, to consider various prominent subjects affecting the productive interests of the country.

David G. Fargerson, one of the oldest booksellers in New York, and connected with the Methodist Book Concern since its organization, died in Brooklyn on Wednesday.

Special Notices.

Wanted.

A BOY to carry papers. Enquire at the office of the Whig & Courier.

Norombega Hall, Bangor.

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

SATURDAY, July 16th 1870.

First Appearance in this City

ELWOOD'S

FEMALE MINSTRELS,

LYCEUM THEATRE, BOSTON.

5 DANCING BLONDES & BRUNETTES

IN THEIR

BALLETS, BURLESQUES,

OLDS, SONGS and DANCES.

AT 7½.

SPANISH CAN-CAN!

Female Clog and Jig Dancers

Female Banjoists,

Female Vocalists.

M'LLE CLARA and FRED COSTELLO,

IN THEIR ENGAGED TRAPEZE PERFORMANCE.

Ethiopian Delineations by Messrs. FOX and BEALS, Mr. BILLY BEARD, Mr. OSCAR SCHLITTER and Mr. FRANK HARRISON.

T. H. PIKE, Manager.

SED FOX, Director of Amusements.

☞ Particular attention to Programmes. ☜

Admission 25 cents. Reserved seats 50 cents. Doors open at 7½, Commence at half-past 8.

July 16

THE HIBERNIAN

Mutual Benevolent Society,

WILL MAKE THEIR ANNUAL

EXCURSION to FORT POINT,

On THURSDAY, July 21st,

In the Barge "FAIRY OF THE WAVE."

Music by the BANGOR CORNET BAND.

Tickets—Adults, Children under 12 years of age, 25 cents. For sale by the Committee of Arrangements and on the steamer. Mr. James Tobin, Mr. P. McSorley and Mr. John McCann.

None allowed on board without tickets.

The Barge will leave Steamboat Wharf at half past 9 o'clock precisely.

July16 PAM

PIANOS, PIANOS,

Of New York and Boston Makers,

For sale at LOW PRICES.

Cabinet Organs,

MADE BY

GEORGE WOODS, of New York

Also, two SECOND HAND PIANOS.

Purchasers will do well to call and examine the above at the Music Rooms of

F. S. DAVENPORT,

80 Main Street,

Over Patten & Jewelry Store.

Organist and Teacher of Music,

Orders left at Patten & Wheelden's Music Store, or P. O. Box 1218, Bangor Maine.

Bangor, March 26th, 1870.

DR. LAUGHTON'S

Office hours are from eight to nine A. M., and two to four o'clock P.M.

Patients with Diseases of the Eye, Ear, or Throat which require instrumental examination, are requested to call on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

may 12 dw, en Tu&Fr&w10

Cheap Excursion

BY THE

MAINE CENTRAL

AND

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAYS.

Bangor to Gorham (Walker Mountains) and return, $10 00

Bangor to Montreal and return, 21 00

Bangor to Montreal and return via Quebec, 23 00

Tickets available to return for 21 days.

To be had at

22 West Market Square.

July6 W. FLOWERS, Agent.

CROMWELL'S

RAIL ROAD OFFICE,

24 West Market Square,

Through Tickets for the most direct routes, to

California, Chicago, and all Points West and South

At the Lowest Rates.

Tickets for New York via the Fall River line of Steamers, and the all rail route via Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington.

Shall be pleased to show all persons wishing favor me with a call the cheapest routes, and give information they may require.

W. A. CROMWELL, General Agent.

Bangor, May 11, '70. dtf dSw

LIGHTNING

ALL POLICIES IN THE

EASTERN

INSURANCE CO.

Cover Damage by Lightning

FIRE AND MARINE RISKS

Taken at reasonable rates by

THOMAS J. STEWART, President.

JOSEPH W. FREESE, Secretary.

FREESE & WIGGIN, Agents,

West Market Square, Bangor.

June27 tu w

House for Sale.

MR. S. W. SAWYER offers for sale his house on Broad Street. The house is new, well finished, and contains 11 rooms, with all the modern conveniences. Lot contains about one acre, well stocked with fruit trees, and is situated in a pleasant neighborhood. Terms easy. Price reasonable.

Parties wishing to buy can call on the owner at the house of 10 and 12 A. M. and 2 to 5 P. M.

Will be sold with or without the furniture.

Also

One 1-Seated Phaeton.
One Double-Seated Wagon, nearly new.
Sleighs and Harness.

For full particulars, inquire of J. PACKARD, Jr., at Farrar's Bank Gallery.

For Rent.

A CONVENIENT TENEMENT in Jones Court, upon reasonable terms. Apply at Weston & Allen's, 2nd door from the corner.

June18

Undertaker's Notice.

I am prepared to furnish Funerals at short notice, and have removed to the grounds at MOUNT HOPE. Proprietors who have lots in the Cemetery are requested to notify me, that all work may be done to their satisfaction and the charges lowest.

E. TINSON.

Residence, 153 French Street.

Orders left at F. P. Burr & Co.'s Store will be attended to at once.

Bangor, June 1, 1870. WM. DOWNEY.

E. TINSON,

Practical Gilder,

Fine Gold and Blue Walnut Frames,

Made to Order.

Old Frames Re-Gilt equal to New.

No. 72 Main Street, Bangor, Maine.

Your orders are solicited.

Jan 11

Notwithstanding

Some Parties have claimed to be Agents of "Hard Rock" Soft Collars, and have offered them for sale at a low price, I am the Wholesale and Retail AGENT for the City of Bangor, and am the only Agent in Bangor for HARRIS SEAMLESS KID GLOVES. Beware of Counterfeits.

"HARRIS SEAMLESS."

DON'T BE DECEIVED.

W. H. HARRIS, Agent for "Hard Rock" Soft Collars, and HARRIS SEAMLESS KID GLOVES. Beware of Counterfeits. Agent for the City of Bangor.

"GRAND MASONIC BALL."

White Pigues, White Broken Plaids, Muslin Lawns, Organdies, Swissoes, &c., &c., in great variety at

STONE & DAGGETT'S,

6 and 8 East Side Main Street

June 25

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

COAT AND PANT MAKERS, at

C. S. A.'S,

130 Exchange St.

June 21

C. S. I.

What Thread do You Use?

Get one of Willston's Carded Sea Island Cotton, the very best on the Market.

PERFECTLY SMOOTH and VERY STRONG.

Sold by the pound or by the spool, at

LOWELL & SPENCER'S,

may26 tuthsatf 24 Main Street.

STORE FOR RENT.

THE BRICK STORE situated on the corner of Main Street and West Market Square, lately occupied by J. P. BASS, is for rent. Enquire of

J. P. BASS,

Bangor, May 2, 1870. No. 2, Harmony Block.

mayl6dtf JOHN MASON.

LOOK AT

GEORGE WOODS & CO.'S

PARLOR AND CHAMBER

ORGAN,

The Best in the Market.

FOR SALE BY

LOWELL & SPENCER,

Dealers in Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Fancy Goods Musical Instruments, Sheet Music, Strings, &c., &c.

14 Main Street.

June25

Sanford's Independent Line.

1870 1870

Summer and Fall Arrangement.

Two Steamers in the Route—Three Trips per Week. Freights Reduced.

Steamer CAMBRIDGE Capt. J. P. JOHNSON, Capt. HENRY S. RICH, will run as follows:

Leave Bangor for Boston every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY & FRIDAY, at 11 o'clock A.M., touching at all the usual landings on the river and bay.

Leave Boston for Bangor every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY & FRIDAY, at 4 o'clock P.M., touching as above.

Fare from Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Bucksports, to Boston, $4 00

To Lowell, 5 00

Meals extra.

N. B. No extra charge for Cabin Berths taken.

All freight must be accompanied by "Bill of Lading" with duplicate.

Freight not taken away the day of arrival will be stored at the risk of the owner.

LOOMIS TAYLOR, Agent.

Bangor, June 16th, 1870. 3m

Incorporated A. D. 1829.

FRANKLIN

Fire Insurance Company,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

Cash Capital, $400,000
Cash Surplus, 2,000,000
Cash Assets, $3,000,000

This Company continues to insure against hazards by fire, on favorable terms, at their office in Schwartz Block, 7 West Market Square.

Fuller Brothers,

June28 dtf Agents.

Wellcome's Liver Invigorator

AND

DYSPEPTIC CURER.

Recommended Highly. Good for all Chronic Coughs.

For Coughs, Colds and Sore Throat, use

The Great American Remedy.

J. BUXTON, Jr., Proprietor, Yarmouth, Me.

june18 aul, 3m d&w

MISS CLARA F. JOY,

Teacher of Piano and Organ.

References—E. J. LANG, Boston.

Orders left at J. A. Crowell's, 42 Main Street, or P. O. Box 625.

Feb 22—eod1

GENTLEMEN

wishing a garment made

AS IT SHOULD BE

should leave their measure

AT

CHISAM'S.

He has the best stock of WOOLENS in the city, which he will sell at prices that cannot fail to please. No Garment allowed to go out of Store unless it fits. Mr. CHISAM pays personal attention to cutting, and flatters himself that he can suit the most fastidious. He does exclusively a custom trade, and devotes his whole attention to the wants of his customers. Examine his stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere. You can buy a better garment for your money at this establishment than at any other in the city. Call and you will find it just as represented.

W. F. CHISAM,

130 Exchange St.

may12

Great Reduction of Fares

TO CALIFORNIA AND ALL POINTS

WEST and SOUTH,

VIA

BOSTON, NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, PITTSBURG, ALBANY, BUFFALO, NIAGARA FALLS, DUNKIRK, SALAMANCA, CLEVELAND, DETROIT, &c.

THROUGH TICKETS,

For sale at Greatly Reduced Rates, by

P. M. BLAKE, General Agent,

No. 9 Central Street, Bangor.

Also, Agent for PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, for California, China and Japan.

TICKETS TO AND FROM

England, Ireland, and Scotland

STERLING EXCHANGE, payable at sight, or sold in sums to suit. nov4 dtf dSw

THE SAFE

Deposit Savings Bank,

No. 9 CENTRAL ST., BANGOR.

P. M. BLAKE President,
T. H. SMITH, Cashier.

Interest allowed from the date of deposit at the rate of

7-30 PER CENT PER ANNUM.

No deposit received for less sum than $50.

☞ Office hours from 8 A.M., to 6 P. M.

April, 5, 1869. dtf

Grand Trunk Railway Co.

1377 miles under one Management

GREAT REDUCTION IN FARE

To all Points West.

Only $20.00 from Portland, Yarmouth and Danville Junctions to Chicago.

On and after 6th June, two Express Trains daily will leave Portland at 10 A.M. and 7.45 P.M., arriving at the connections and running through to Chicago in Forty-six Hours.

The Grand Trunk is 53 miles shorter, and runs in 12 hours less than any other Route from BANGOR to CHICAGO.

The rapidly being re-laid with Steel Rails, and FORTY NEW LOCOMOTIVES and other have been added.

Elegant Palman Parlor, Drawing Room and Sleeping Cars will run daily between the Eastern Terminus and Chicago, affording the most perfect accommodations in every respect ever provided by any Railway Line in the world.

Baggage checked through and no custom-house examination.

For Tickets and further information apply to the principal Ticket Offices in New England, and at the Company's Office.

22 West Market Square, Bangor.

WM. FLOWERS,
Agent.

Sewing Machine Depot.

SINGER,
WHEELER & WILSON,
GROVER & BAKER,
ELLIPTIC,

and all other STANDARD SEWING MACHINES for sale by

CHARLES HALE,

dec17 sn 24 Main Street.

A Broadside for Humbugs.

In this age and country people generally go hand in hand, and of all the tricks of pretentious kidding with which society is cursed, the pretended cure-all nostrums which attempt to impose upon the health of the community are the most dangerous and despicable.

So much by way of text. Now for a special and particular application.

It upon one of the numberless frauds of so called Bitters springing up under different names in the shadow of our own Bitters, particularly in the Southern and Western States, which the readers of the Boston Herald now annex I to the gullible people upon whom they think they can impose a cheap article for Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, long recognized by every class as the purest and most concentrated stimulant and invigorant the world affords.

The compounders of these base compounds of vile whiskey and drugs see a larger margin for profit than that Celebrated Tonic and home remedy of a dollar per bottle, and hence dishonestly put it in its place.

But "Hostetter" is for a cure," and all persons whom the so distinguished (?) brings are encouraging to come and investigate into the cheating trash for a standard remedy, are here by informed that the selfish and unmanly motives which prompt the imposition is the question.

The great popularity and sale of Hostetter's Bitters cannot, of course, be seriously injured by these tricks of trade; but as the debilitated are suffering have a direct interest in the matter, it is only an act of common humanity to put them on their guard.

July4 dedwdwly

See Bunch of Grapes!

In Sunday's issue of this paper, column, SPEER'S STANDARD WINE BITTERS is highly recommended by a gentleman of the highest standing, on account of its tonic properties, purity, and its delicious flavor.

MR. JOHN HOYT,

Teacher of Piano, Harmony and Cultivation of the Voice,

Will receive pupils at the above branches, for a term of ten weeks, commencing

TUESDAY, July 5th,

Orders may be left at the Bangor House.

July2 dtf

Policies issued promptly upon all kinds of Insurable Property in Eastern Maine, at the lowest rates of premium.

Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

KEEP THE WEEDS DOWN.

NOYES' PATENT HAND WEEDER

For sale by M. SCHWARTZ, TOZIER & BRIDGES, BUTLER & HAINES, and J. JENNESS & SON.

June 8 dtf

Pianos Tuned

BY

MR. HOOPER.

Orders left at CHARLES HALE'S, G. W. MERRILL'S, and BOWEN & SPENCER'S, will be attended to. dtf

Satisfaction given in the selection of Pianos from the different factories now in Bangor. Pianos will be sold for the highest cash price, or taken in exchange at their full value.

THE

Independent Insurance Co,

OF BOSTON.

Capital, $300,000,

Surplus, $650,000,

Will insure against loss or damage by fire on favorable terms at their office in Schwartz Block, 7 West Market Square.

FULLER BROTHERS, Agents.

may21

PENOBSCOT

Savings Bank

Bangor, April 6th, 1870.

A meeting of the Board of Investment of the Penobscot Savings Bank will be held at the office of the Bank, on Monday, the 18th day of April, A. D. 1870, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of declaring a dividend to the depositors of said Bank, from 1 A. M. to 10 P. M., and from 2 P. M. to 5 P. M.

A. M. ROBERTS, President.

Bangor, April 6, 1870. apr6-tds&w

Highest Cash Price Paid

For Second hand Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Furs, Trunks, Carpet Bags, &c.

J. P. HASS,

No. 2 Harmony Block, Bangor.

INSIDE ROUTE

Three Trips a Week.

Portland, Boston, Dairies, Low'll, and intermediate Landings.

THE CITY OF RICHMOND, Capt. W. H. DINSMORE, and BOSTON, Capt. J. F. HALLOWELL, will leave Railroad Wharf, foot of Commercial Street, Portland, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 5 P. M., for Boston, connecting at Portland with the Eastern and Maine Central Trains from Bangor at 1 P. M.

Returning, leave Boston from Commercial Wharf, foot of State Street, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 P. M.

Fare from Bangor to Boston, $4 00

Meals extra.

Freight taken as low as by any other route.

For Freight or Passage apply to

A. M. ROBERTS, President.

Bangor, May 2, 1870. dtf

Highest Cash Price Paid

For Second hand Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Furs, Trunks, Carpet Bags, &c.

J. P. HASS,

No. 2 Harmony Block, Bangor.

Penobscot Valley Steamship Co.

STEAMSHIP ALLIANCE

Between BANGOR, Me., and BOSTON, Mass.

The Steamer ALLIANCE, Capt. T. E. SPILLANE, will leave Railroad Wharf, foot of Exchange Street, Bangor, every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 5 P. M., for Boston, touching at Rockland, Camden, Belfast and Bucksport.

Returning, will leave Boston from Commercial Wharf, foot of State Street, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 5 P. M.

Fare from Bangor to Boston, $4 00

Meals extra.

Freight taken as low as by any other route.

For Freight or Passage apply to

A. M. ROBERTS, President.

Bangor, May 2, 1870. dtf

The Connecticut Mutual

Life Insurance Company,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

B. PLUMMER & SONS,

General Agents.

For Maine and New Brunswick.

DIED.

In this city, 15th, George Cushing, Esq., aged 70 years 11 months.

In Orrington, 14th, Mrs. Lydia, wife of Capt. Paul Patten, aged 72 years 6 months.

In Brewer, 14th, Mrs. Sarah, wife of Mr. Joseph Dunton, aged 72 years.

In Dixmont, 14th, Mrs. Mary, wife of Mr. Ebenezer Hall, aged 70 years.

In Hampden

TELEGRAPHIC

TO THE

Whig & Courier.

FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS---SECOND SESSION

Government of Congress.

WASHINGTON, July 1

SENATE

The Senate continued in session through Thursday night.

Mr. Trumbull's amendment striking out the Indian appropriation bill as passed by the Senate, for the House bill, was agreed to, and the bill as amended, passed.

Mr. Wilson submitted a report of the Conference Committee upon the army appropriation bill, which was adopted.

At 1:30 A. M., the Senate went into Executive session and confirmed G. Wiley Wells, District Attorney for the Northern District of Mississippi. Ineffectual attempts were made to confirm Frelinghuysen and the Senate adjourned at 3 o'clock, A. M.

The Senate again met at nine o'clock, at half past nine went into an Executive session.

The Senate passed a resolution which was sent to the House for concurrence, providing for an extension of the session two hours each day. Com. of Conference on the Indian appropriation bill to adjust the difference between the two Houses.

Mr. Morrill of Me., proposed that six millions be appropriated and be expended under the direction of the President for fulfilling the stipulations without mentioning any particular treaties.

The Committee of Conference consists of Senators Harlan, Pomeroy and Davis, and Representatives, Allison, Davies and Hoiman.

The vote on the confirmation of Mr. Frelinghuysen was 40 against 3---Messrs. Robertson and Sprague. Mr. Sumner did not vote.

When the opening the doors the time for adjournment sine die was extended from noon till two o'clock, and then to 5 o'clock P. M. at which time the session.

The third and last conference on the Indian appropriation bill was concurred in.

The doors were opened at 2:30 and the President's Message was received and read after which the bill to encourage the building of ships for foreign trade, and for other purposes was taken up.

The bill was opposed by Messrs. Morrill of Vt., Sherman of Ohio, Wilson and Cameron, the general opinion of Senators being, we have already passed ships sufficient for all the wants of the mail and carrying trade in the event of a foreign war, and having been amended by inserting it to four months' duration which American registers may be issued for the vessels, it was in effect fully laid over.

The Universalist Church in Bangor was dedicated on Thursday last. The house is a very handsome one, and has been remodeled and beautifully decorated, will be re-opened on Wednesday of next week, by Rev. Mr. Battles of this city.

The Gazette says that the Congregational chapel at Dexter has been greatly improved by recent repairs.

A man in Ripley who was shortly to be married, took two ounces of laudanum on Saturday last to avert the calamity. Emetics were useless when the doctor came, and the would-be suicide was saved to his affianced by the efforts, of men of muscle and endurance who walked him about all night, in spite of himself. The Dexter Gazette says that about two weeks before he attempted to hang himself, but was discovered before he completed the job.

The Kennebec Journal says that the 3d story of the new wing to the Insane Hospital is now ready for the painters and paper-hangers. The two lower stories have been plastered and made ready for the finishing. After the wing is completed it will be speedily occupied by those who are waiting to avail themselves of the benefits of this noble institution.

The Calais Advertiser says that Mr. Silas Waldron has been appointed Postmaster at Muddy, vice Josiah H. Bates. The latter takes the place of Mr. Henry Baldem as Custom House officer.

The Belfast Journal says that mackerel have come into the bay, and are of unusual size this year.

On the night of the 4th inst., the store of J. H. Gordon in Brooks Village was entered and money and goods to the value of twenty-five dollars taken. The store was entered by means of a back cellar door. No clue has as yet been found to the perpetrators, says the Belfast Journal.

We learn from the Belfast Journal that the A. J. Roberts mills in Brooks have been purchased by M. Chase and John Roberts, who have been erecting and repairing the dam that was carried away by the flood last spring.

Warden Rice of the State Prison, furnished the inmates of that institution a treat of strawberries and cream on the 4th instant and an hour of recreation in the prison yard. This latter is a privilege which has never before been permitted to them. The treat was provided by Mr. Dorsey, well known as the benevolent friend of the prisoner.

THE TORNADO---*Further Particulars.*---Reports come in, indicating that the damage by the tornado Thursday, was not over-estimated in our report yesterday. We learn that the church at West Hampden was uncovered, and the roof blown some thirty feet from the building. At Hampden, two vessels in the river were capsized and one thrown upon her beam-ends. Several others broke adrift and were more or less damaged. A number of sheds at the Hampden Poor House were unroofed. In Orrington, besides the damage heretofore reported, we learn that thirteen cows and three horses were killed by lightning. In one instance a hail-stone after passing through a pane of glass penetrated a door panel, passing clear through, such was the force with which the nail was driven. Several men who were exposed were badly beaten by the hail, which bruised wherever it struck. At Stonington, the lightning struck near Ruel Homestead, uprooting an awning, severely injuring him. The barn of Thomas Lorton was blown down---The rain beating into the store house of L. L. Morrison, caused a large quantity of lime to ignite, doing some damage. In Minot and Auburn, an immense amount of window glass was broken by the hail. We learn from the Journal that two houses belonging to Harvey Dillingham, at North Auburn (Dillingham Hill), were blown down, and a yoke of oxen so seriously injured that it was found necessary to kill one of them. A barn of Jabez Merrill, in the same vicinity, was blown down and half the roof of the house blown off. A large part of the orchard was blown down---the damage in this respect being almost beyond credence.

Friday morning, in the neighborhood of North Auburn the people had to turn out and clear the roads from fallen trees.

At West Auburn large numbers of trees were blown down, and a good deal of glass broken by the hail.

The damage at North Auburn is as follows: Zibeon Kingsley's barn lost part of its roof---Lucius Bailey's barn lost part of its roof, which was carried by the light several rods from the building. The Universalist and the Methodist church edifices each lost a chimney.

Gentlemen coming from Hebron on the Minot road, report the road badly obstructed by trees, which had to be cut away before carriages could pass.

At Mechanic Falls the gale was quite severe. The steeple was blown from the Methodist church, houses shorn of chimnies, trees levelled, glass broken, etc., etc.

In Greene, the gale with great fury struck a barn belonging to John and Stinson Parker. The two brothers had just driven into the barn with a load of hay, shut up the barn doors, backing the load against one of them to prevent the door being blown in. The two brothers stood in the tie-up floor about three feet apart, when suddenly John felt the barn moving---as indeed it moved bodily from its foundation, several feet. Immediately, the floor beneath him sank down. John very fortunately fell near the foundations which protected him from the falling timbers, while Stinson who fell to the cellar also, was several feet nearer the centre of the building, and was struck by the falling of the timbers and instantly killed. John called to Stinson, but no reply came. As soon as possible, he crawled over the debris, and in a few moments found the lifeless body of his brother, his head bended nearly to his feet, in a half standing posture. A great timber had struck him on the back, and his back was broken. The gale took off 20 feet of Ingalls Parker's barn in Greene, and blew down E. Moulton's barn in the same vicinity. A horse of Mr. M.'s in the barn was barely saved. J. C. Dugget's house was partially unroofed, and his orchard and other trees very badly damaged. A chimney was blown from the new church, and Mr. Farwell's barn unroofed. A man patch from Sabattus says that the tempest passed through Wales, doing great damage to the crops, houses, etc.

BANGOR POLICE COURT.

BEFORE JUDGE CLARK.

Friday, July 15th. Michael Donohue got in a pugnacious mood, and committed an assault on John Morgan. For this breach of the peace he was fined $10 and costs, and will in future probably be less breachy.

POLITICAL AND PERSONAL.

Mr. Frelinghuysen's nomination has been confirmed.

General Ampudia has assumed command of the Bayamo and Manzanillo Districts of Cuba.

P. H. Forney, who was badly crushed by the Ponchartrain Railroad on the 4th inst., died of lock-jaw in New Orleans, Thursday.

Josiah Hooker, for nearly half a century a prominent citizen of Springfield, Mass., died on Thursday night, aged 72 years.

Consul-General Biddle, sick with yellow fever at Havana, is recovering. His wife is sick with the same disease.

It is stated that there are on the Speaker's table in the House nearly one hundred bills, and on the Senate calendar over fifty, more bills, including that for the abolition of polygamy in Utah. Out of the thirty-five hundred bills introduced into both Houses for the two sessions, not more than five hundred will become laws.

The President yesterday nominated Arthur McArthur of Milwaukie, Wis., to be an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia. He was reared and educated in Boston, but has resided in Wisconsin about 20 years. In 1865 he was elected Lieut. Governor of Wisconsin, as a Democrat on the ticket with Governor Bashford, Republican.

Jerome B. Chaffee was unanimously nominated for delegate to Congress by the Republican Convention at Denver, Col. Resolutions were adopted condemning the importation of Coolies and the Indian policy, and commending the spirited action of General Sherman as the dawn of a better era for the rights of settlers and the course of civilization.

The following nominations were confirmed by the Senate yesterday:---Arthur McArthur of Wisconsin, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, District of Columbia; Ambrose C. Dunn, of Va., Consul General at Hokadai Japan; R. M. Jewell, of Miss., Consul at Pernambuco; Geo. D. Allen, U. S. Marshal for Eastern District of Florida; Post Master Joseph R. Clark at Milford, Ct., and Mary Jane Edwards at Portland, Ct.

BUSINESS ITEMS

ONE NIGHT ONLY. Elwoods Female Minstrels will give an entertainment at Norombega Hall this evening. Fifteen Dancing Blondes and Brunettes in Ballets, Burlesques, Songs, Dances, &c. ---

THIRTY ONE YEARS under one management, the AMERICAN HOUSE has grown from a small hotel to the largest in New England. It is furnished with all the conveniences for the convenience and comfort of its guests, and is deservedly popular with the travelling public.

CAUTION TO PURCHASERS OF THE PERUVIAN SYRUP (A protected solution of the protoxide of iron). Beware of being deceived by any of the preparations of Peruvian Bark, or Bark and Iron, which may be offered to you. Ever bottle of genuine has PERUVIAN SYRUP (Protected Peruvian Bark) blown in the glass. EXAMINE THE BOTTLE BEFORE PURCHASING.

Trusses! Trusses!

We would invite particular attention to our very large variety, embracing all Kinds of Trusses, Supporters, Braces, Silks & Cotton Hose, Bandages, &c., &c.

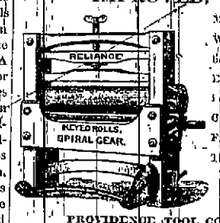
We guarantee to suit every customer or money refunded.

E. E. BRADBURY, Wholesale & Retail Druggist, 6 & 8 Smith's Block, A. & Central St.

June 25, 3m

Reliance Wringer,

IMPROVED.



Monitor rolls. White Rubber. Spiral Gear. Easy Working. Light Draft. Curved clamp. Fits any Tub. The cheapest. TRY IT.

PROVIDENCE TOOL CO.,

2m Beekman St., N. Y. PROVIDENCE, R. I.

July 15, 1870.

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,

Late Agent of the United States Patent Office, Washington and for the last of 1867.

No. 78 Sixth Street, opposite Kirby Street Boston.

After an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, continues to secure patents in the United States, also in Great Britain, France and other European countries. Specifications, Bonds, Assignments, and all papers necessary for the use, executed on reasonable terms with dispatch. Researches into the novelty of inventions, to determine the validity and utility of Patents of inventors, will be carefully and ably conducted on all matters concerning the same upon receipt of a model or drawing and a fee of ten dollars. Assignments recorded in Washington.

No Agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining Patents or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.

During eight months the subscriber, in connection his large practice, made *fifty-three rejected* applications, and in APPEALS TWENTY ONE OF WHICH WAS DECIDED *in favor* of his clients, or of Patents.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the most *capable and successful* practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse."

CHARLES MASON, Commissioner of Patents."

"I have had occasion to employ his services in cases where I was not only in a state of perplexity and doubt as to the merits of the invention, but also as to the proper mode of putting the case before the Commissioner of Patents. In all cases I have found great talent and ability to bring success to apply where no success to others had attended their efforts."

Extract from letter of Hon. Wm. Lawrence, late Commissioner of Patents.

Boston, Feb. 1, 1870 dly

HOYT'S MALT EXTRACT

HOYT'S MALT EXTRACT is a delicious tonic, the most valuable, the most nutritious, the best and most agreeable preparation of malt in the world. It is also a very valuable beverage and has been found to be a most efficient remedy in the treatment of Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Debility, Female Complaints, Consumption, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Hemorrhages, Diseases of the Kidneys, Urinary Organs, Liver Complaint, Piles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Boils, Carbuncles, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Skin Diseases, Impurities of the Blood, Fevers, Ague, Intermittents, Typhoid Fevers, Typhus Fevers, Scarlet Fever, Measles, Small Pox, Chicken Pox, Mumps, Whitlow, Felon, Gout, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Ringworm

OUR CONSECRATIONS.

Begin not each yesterday of life
All it has some precious store to keep;
Some little element of golden worth;
Some treasure rescued from the deep
Of those gone hours on yon dark waves
Or time hurrying on its night-quiet grave.

Tarry each of all dark days that one
Which looks no brightness from its hours;
No nightingale to sing at eve,
No after fragrance from its flowers,
No lingering ray of light from Heaven,
To consecrate it fresh from even.

Bear art thou heart that yearnest though
The future that dim blue eyes invites
To call back something from the past—
Some vanished joy to life again.
The gladdest summer of our years
We consecrate by autumn tears.

Each consecrates some precious part,
Some sacred store of hidden worth,
Its harvest only, our harvest sheaves;
Our golden memories of earth.
Against the winter time of need,
That we may after come and feed.

And when the yesterday of life,
Shall all be numbered, still I deem
Each one shall have its store to keep,
His fadeless relic of earth's dream;
Some shadows softened by God's light,
Some star that made his journey bright.

ALL SORTS AND SIZES.

A man of Cardinal Virtues—Richelieu.

The cowl of saucepan either makes fryer.

Napoleon's gout forces him to wear big shoes.

The worst form of speech—Uttering bad coin.

The last thing out—A man's real opinion of himself.

Horace Greeley has fully recovered from his late illness.

Gail Hamilton now writes altogether for the Harpers.

The Emperor Pablo Fisk is "Banting," for a lighter weight.

Can a maternal parent of a cruiser be called a dog-ma?

The key to much of the mysterious folly of Feminism—wife-key.

A bronze statute is to be erected to General Rawlins in Washington.

A man in Indiana has been knocked down by a thunderbolt from a clear sky.

Illinois has 6000 miles of railroad which, with equipments, cost $120,000,000.

Monetary circles are supposed to be very wicked, but even Wall street has its days of grace.

Senator Garrett Davis has distinguished himself by making a complete speech inside of five minutes.

An Irishman was challenged to fight a duel, but declined on the plea that he did not wish to leave his mother an orphan.

New York points to its police record of 2000 arrests last week with pardonable pride, and defies other cities to equal it.

Flies caught—Maryland, 8; Unions, 14—Rev. Use the 40-rod "fly paper." It beat that, "out of sight."—Hartford Times.

A Vermont husband, frustrated his wife's elopement by locking up her silk dress. She said she wouldn't be seen eloping in a shilling calico.

A ballad on the loss of the City of Boston has been published at St. John, New Brunswick, which includes a complete list of the passengers.

Rev. D. Trotin, late of Grand Rapids, Mich., has gone to Sweden to promote an organized scheme of emigration from Scandinavia to the Northwest.

The American workmen at North Adams, who have been "driven from their labor by the coolie importation," it now appears, were nearly all French Canadians.

The diamond diggers on the Cape of Good Hope are panning out well. A Kimberama found a gem worth $1500, and traded it off, in his guileless simplicity, for a $600 wagon.

Stephen Massett says: "Shakespeare and the chess-board and the men, and Dickens has played the finest game with them that has ever distinguished the history of society."

In a review of Congress a neighbor remarks "We see that the two Houses are agreed on saltpetre and brimstone. How will they have it, and where will they take it."

A negro woman has just died in East Tennessee, believed, says the report, to be 127 years old. Who believes it? It is a marvel how many times that old negro woman dies in the course of a year.

The New Bedford merchants, it is said, are not going to abandon the whale fisheries, but are preparing to fend out their fleets next fall, and push the whaling business to renewed success, if possible.

"Ah, my dear fellow," said an old man once to a friend, "I am quite weak and broken down with age. I used to walk entirely around the park every day; but now I can only walk half way round and back again."

A journalist who has been spending a fortnight in the White Mountains, says he has enjoyed himself very much, having fallen into six rivers, sprained his ankle, skinned his face and neck, and broken three ribs the first three days.

A Pennsylvania minister was recently given a donation party, at which the gifts were six rolling-pins, a pen-wiper, and two quarts of dried apples, vintage of 1864. His flock always have good appetites, and they discouraged his next winter's stock of provisions severely.

WHAT BREAKS DOWN YOUNG MEN.—It is a commonly received notion that hard study is the unhealthy element of a college life. But from the tables of the mortality of Harvard University, collected by Professor Pierce, from the last triennial catalogue, it is clearly demonstrated that the excess of death for the first seven years after graduation is found in that portion of each class of inferior scholarship. Every one who has seen the curriculum knows that where Æschylus and political economy figure one, late hours and dissipation take up a dozen. Dissipation is a sure destroyer, and every young man who follows it is as the early flower to untimely frost. Those who have been inveigled into the path of vice are hanged by legion. A few hours' sleep each night, high living and plenty of "smashes" make war upon every function of the body. The brains, the heart, the lungs, the liver, the spine, the limbs, the bones, the flesh, every part and faculty are overtasked and weakened by the terrific energy of passions loosened from restraint, until, like a dilapidated mansion, the "early house of this tabernacle" falls into ruinous decay. Fast young men, right about!

The little steamer, Kate Morgan, built by Robert Fulton, still plies in Cayuga lake and perpetuates the romantic story of its builder's marriage. Fulton was in love with the daughter of Gen. Morgan, of revolutionary fame, who lived on the bank of the lake, but, notwithstanding his first success on the Hudson, the old soldier would only give him his daughter on condition of his sailing a steamboat past his door. The steamer was soon built, and on its first trip carried a bridal party by.

MEN WITHOUT HEARTS.—We sometimes meet with men who seem to think that any indulgence in an affectionate feeling is a weakness; they will return from a journey and greet their families with a distant dignity; and move among their children with the cold and lofty splendor of an iceburg surrounded by its broken fragments. There is hardly a more unnatural sight on earth than one of those families without a heart. Who that has experienced the joys of friendship, and values sympathy and affection, would not rather lose all that is beautiful in Nature's scenery than be robbed of the hidden treasures of the heart? Cherish, then, your heart's best affections. Indulge in the warm and gushing emotions of filial, paternal and fraternal love. —Miss Mulock.

SPEECH BY FISK.—Admiral Fisk made a presentation speech the other day, under the following circumstances, reported by the Sun:

The gentlemen in the office made up a purse for the Colonel's boy, little Peter, on Saturday, and the Colonel took it while he was shaving, and called in Peter before a whole room full of Directors, he made a presentation speech and gave him the $84. He began by scaring him. Said he,

"Peter, what did you mean by absenting yourself from the Erie establishment the other day, when Mr. Gould was away, leaving the whole mass of business upon my shoulders?" While Peter trembled from head to foot the Colonel added: "But, my boy, I will not blame you; there may be extenuating circumstances. Fourth of July, love of country, Woodstock, the President may have tempted you. Henceforth, Peter, let your life be one of rectitude—quiet rectitude. Behold me, Peter, and remember that evil communications are not the best policy, but that honesty is worth two in the bush. Peter forget not the lines of Shakespeare:

"I love it, I love it, the old arm chair

The Directors laughed, and Peter came out with $84, the richest man in the Erie office.

A GAME OF CARDS FOR A WIFE.—About eight or nine months since a man living in Lisbon, northern part of this county went out into the country, part of his business to seek his fortune in the new mines of the section, leaving his wife and one child here in town. Some seven months ago a gallant disciple of St. Crispin persuaded the White Pine widow to take up her abode with him in a house which he furnished for her. They saw fair lived together for about seven months, when new love sprung up between the husband and partner and there was trouble in the camp, but after quarrelling they at last agreed to play a game of seven up for the woman. The game came off last Saturday night, and the husband won his wife back by just "two pegs." The latter claimed his wife, and the gallant Heather could not deny but that he had fairly won her. The woman preferred the husband and winner was determined to have his own. He packed up the furniture they possessed and last Sunday with all his household goods and wife got off by a fast freight train for Carlin. When the wagon started from North Lisbon there were about a dozen and a half or one hundred persons and collected to see the husband carry away his "stake," and there was much merriment over the romantic affair. The woman cried and wanted to stay with the shoemaker, and the shoemaker cried at parting with the treasure he had lost by not holding tough "stamps." He asked some of the people if they thought she would be arrested if he attempted to take the woman out of the wagon. They told him no, had the other "man the scene" and he must beat it. The man, so the wagon moved on and soon after one was "gone from his gaze."—Virginia (Nev.) Enterprise, June 20.

OFFICIAL.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Passed to the Second Session of the Forty-first Congress.

[PUBLIC—No 84.]

AN ACT to establish a police court for the District of Columbia and other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be established in the District of Columbia a court to be called the Police Court, of the District of Columbia, which shall have original and exclusive jurisdiction of all offenses against the United States committed in the District of Columbia, not capital or otherwise infamous crimes, that is to say, of all simple assaults and batteries, and of other misdemeanors not punishable by imprisonment in the penitentiary; and of all offences against the ordinances of the city of Washington, or of the city of Georgetown, and also of the by-laws of the county of Washington. It shall be composed of one judge, who shall be learned in the law, and who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall hold his office during good behavior. He shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars per annum, payable monthly. He shall appoint a clerk, who shall receive a salary of two thousand dollars per annum, payable monthly. He shall also appoint a bailiff, who shall receive a salary of one thousand dollars per annum, payable monthly. The said clerk and bailiff shall hold their offices during the pleasure of the judge appointing them. The said judge shall appoint a time and place for holding said court, and may hold special sessions thereof at such times and places as he may deem proper for the transaction of the business of said court. He shall cause a record to be kept of all the proceedings of said court, and shall have power to issue writs of subpœna, writs of attachment, and all other writs and processes necessary to the proper exercise of the jurisdiction hereby conferred upon said court, and to enforce obedience to the same. He shall have power to punish for contempt of court, by fine not exceeding three hundred dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in his discretion. He shall have power to grant new trials, and to make all such rules and regulations as may be necessary for the transaction of the business of said court, and for the execution of the powers and jurisdiction hereby conferred upon it. He shall have power to appoint commissioners to take bail in cases bailable by law, and to take affidavits and depositions in cases pending in said court, and to administer oaths in all cases necessary for the transaction of the business of said court. He shall have power to issue writs of habeas corpus, and to hear and determine the same, and to punish for contempt of court in issuing the same. He shall have power to issue writs of certiorari to the police court of the District of Columbia, and to hear and determine the same, and to affirm, reverse, or modify the judgments of said police court, and to remand cases to said police court for such further proceedings as may be just and proper in the premises. He shall have power to issue writs of error to the police court of the District of Columbia, and to hear and determine the same, and to affirm, reverse, or modify the judgments of said police court, and to remand cases to said police court for such further proceedings as may be just and proper in the premises. He shall have power to issue writs of certiorari to the criminal court of the District of Columbia, and to hear and determine the same, and to affirm, reverse, or modify the judgments of said criminal court, and to remand cases to said criminal court for such further proceedings as may be just and proper in the premises. 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And be it further enacted, That the judge of the police court may examine and commit to jail persons charged with any offence against the laws of the United States committed in said District, and may hold to bail for their appearance before the criminal court of the District of Columbia, or the grand jury thereof, any person charged with any offence against the laws of the United States committed in said District, which he may deem proper to be examined by the criminal court of said District, and may require sureties to keep the peace or be of good behavior, and in default thereof may commit to jail; and he shall keep such records, and return such papers in any case before him to the criminal court of said District, as may be required by the rules of said court